

General Assembly

Substitute Bill No. 847

January Session, 2005

*_____SB00847GAE___040505_____^

AN ACT CONCERNING REPORTING REQUIREMENTS ON PREVAILING WAGE PROJECTS.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- Section 1. Section 31-53 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2005*):
- 3 (a) Each contract for the construction, remodeling, refinishing, 4 refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project by the state or any of its agents, or by any political subdivision 5 of the state or any of its agents, shall contain the following provision: 6 7 "The wages paid on an hourly basis to any person performing the 8 work of any mechanic, laborer or [workman employed upon] worker 9 on the work herein contracted to be done and the amount of payment 10 or contribution paid or payable on behalf of each such [employee] 11 person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of 12 this section, shall be at a rate equal to the rate customary or prevailing 13 for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in 14 which such public works project is being constructed. Any contractor 15 who is not obligated by agreement to make payment or contribution 16 on behalf of such [employees] persons to any such employee welfare 17 fund shall pay to each [employee] mechanic, laborer or worker as part 18 of [his] such person's wages the amount of payment or contribution for 19 [his] <u>such person's</u> classification on each pay day."

(b) Any [person] contractor or subcontractor who knowingly or wilfully employs any mechanic, laborer or [workman] worker in the construction, remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project for or on behalf of the state or any of its agents, or any political subdivision of the state or any of its agents, at a rate of wage on an hourly basis [which] that is less than the rate customary or prevailing for the same work in the same trade or occupation in the town in which such public works project is being constructed, remodeled, refinished, refurbished, rehabilitated, altered or repaired, or who fails to pay the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such [employee] person to any employee welfare fund, or in lieu thereof to the [employee] person, as provided by subsection (a) of this section, shall be fined not less than two thousand five hundred dollars but not more than five thousand dollars for each offense and (1) for the first violation, shall be disqualified from bidding on contracts with the state or any political subdivision until the contractor or subcontractor has made full restitution of the back wages owed to such persons and for an additional six months thereafter and (2) for subsequent violations, shall be disqualified from bidding on contracts with the state or any political subdivision until the contractor or subcontractor has made full restitution of the back wages owed to such persons and for not less than an additional two years thereafter. In addition, if it is found by the contracting officer representing the state or political subdivision [thereof] of the state that any mechanic, laborer or [workman] worker employed by the contractor or any subcontractor directly on the site for the work covered by the contract has been or is being paid a rate of wages less than the rate of wages required by the contract to be paid as required by this section, the state or contracting political subdivision [thereof] of the state may (A) by written notice to the contractor, terminate such contractor's right to proceed with the work or such part of the work as to which there has been a failure to pay said required wages and to prosecute the work to completion by contract or otherwise, and the contractor and [his] the contractor's sureties shall be liable to the state or the contracting political subdivision for any excess

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- 55 costs occasioned the state or the contracting political subdivision 56 thereby, or (B) withhold payment of money to the contractor or 57 subcontractor. The contracting department of the state or the political 58 subdivision [thereof] of the state shall, [within] not later than two days 59 after taking such action, notify the Labor Commissioner, in writing, of 60 the name of the contractor or subcontractor, the project involved, the 61 location of the work, the violations involved, the date the contract was 62 terminated, and steps taken to collect the required wages.
 - (c) The Labor Commissioner may make complaint to the proper prosecuting authorities for the violation of any provision of subsection (b).
 - (d) For the purpose of predetermining the prevailing rate of wage on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each [employee] person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, in each town where such contract is to be performed, the Labor Commissioner shall (1) hold a hearing at any required time to determine the prevailing rate of wages on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, upon any public work within any specified area, and shall establish classifications of skilled, semiskilled and ordinary labor, or (2) adopt and use such appropriate and applicable prevailing wage rate determinations as have been made by the Secretary of Labor of the United States under the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act, as amended.
 - (e) The Labor Commissioner shall determine the prevailing rate of wages on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of such [employee] person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, in each locality where any such public work is to be constructed, and the agent empowered to let such contract shall contact the Labor Commissioner, at least ten but not more than twenty days prior to the date such contracts will be advertised for bid, to ascertain the proper rate of

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wages and amount of employee welfare fund payments or contributions and shall include such rate of wage on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each [employee] person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, or in lieu thereof the amount to be paid directly to each [employee] person for such payment or contributions as provided in subsection (a) of this section for all classifications of labor in the proposal for the contract. The rate of wage on an hourly basis and the amount of payment or contributions to any employee welfare fund, as defined in subsection (h) of this section, or cash in lieu thereof, as provided in subsection (a) of this section, shall, at all times, be considered as the minimum rate for the classification for which it was established. Prior to the award of any contract subject to the provisions of this section, such agent shall certify in writing to the Labor Commissioner the total dollar amount of work to be done in connection with such public works project, regardless of whether such project consists of one or more contracts. Upon the award of any contract subject to the provisions of this section, the contractor to whom such contract is awarded shall certify, under oath, to the Labor Commissioner the pay scale to be used by such contractor and any of [his] the contractor's subcontractors for work to be performed under such contract.

(f) Each employer subject to the provisions of this section or section 31-54 shall (1) keep, maintain and preserve such records relating to the wages and hours worked by each [employee] person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer and worker and a schedule of the occupation or work classification at which each person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or [workman] worker on the project is employed during each work day and week in such manner and form as the Labor Commissioner establishes to assure the proper payments due to such [employees] persons or employee welfare funds under this section or section 31-54, regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between the contractor and such person, and (2) submit monthly to the contracting agency a certified payroll [which] that shall

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122 consist of a complete copy of such records accompanied by a statement 123 signed by the employer [which] that indicates [that] (A) such records 124 are correct; (B) the rate of wages paid to each person performing the work of any mechanic, laborer or [workman] worker and the amount 125 126 of payment or contributions paid or payable on behalf of each such 127 [employee] person to any employee welfare fund, as defined in 128 subsection (h) of this section, are not less than the prevailing rate of 129 wages and the amount of payment or contributions paid or payable on 130 behalf of each such [employee] person to any employee welfare fund, 131 as determined by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to subsection (d) 132 of this section, and not less than those required by the contract to be 133 paid; (C) the employer has complied with the provisions of this section and section 31-54; (D) each such [employee] person is covered by a 134 135 workers' compensation insurance policy for the duration of [his] such 136 person's employment, which shall be demonstrated by submitting to 137 the contracting agency the name of the workers' compensation 138 insurance carrier covering each such [employee] person, the effective 139 and expiration dates of each policy and each policy number; (E) the 140 employer does not receive kickbacks, as defined in 41 USC 52, from 141 any employee or employee welfare fund; and (F) pursuant to the 142 provisions of section 53a-157a, the employer is aware that filing a 143 certified payroll which [he] the employer knows to be false is a class D 144 felony for which the employer may be fined up to five thousand 145 dollars, imprisoned for up to five years, or both. This subsection shall 146 not be construed to prohibit a general contractor from relying on the 147 certification of a lower tier subcontractor, provided the general 148 contractor shall not be exempted from the provisions of section 53a-149 157a if [he] the general contractor knowingly relies upon a 150 subcontractor's false certification. Notwithstanding the provisions of 151 section 1-210, the certified payroll shall be considered a public record 152 and every person shall have the right to inspect and copy such records 153 in accordance with the provisions of section 1-212. The provisions of 154 [sections 31-59(a), 31-59(b),] subsections (a) and (b) of section 31-59 and 155 sections 31-66 and 31-69 [which] that are not inconsistent with the 156 provisions of this section or section 31-54 [shall] apply to this section.

- 157 Failing to file a certified payroll pursuant to subdivision (2) of this 158 subsection is a class D felony for which the employer may be fined up 159 to five thousand dollars, imprisoned for up to five years, or both.
 - (g) The provisions of this section [shall] do not apply where the total cost of all work to be performed by all contractors and subcontractors in connection with new construction of any public works project is less than four hundred thousand dollars or where the total cost of all work to be performed by all contractors and subcontractors in connection with any remodeling, refinishing, refurbishing, rehabilitation, alteration or repair of any public works project is less than one hundred thousand dollars.
 - (h) As used in this section, section 31-54 and section 31-89a, "employee welfare fund" means any trust fund established by one or more employers and one or more labor organizations or one or more other third parties not affiliated with the employers to provide from moneys in the fund, whether through the purchase of insurance or annuity contracts or otherwise, benefits under an employee welfare plan; provided such term shall not include any such fund where the trustee, or all of the trustees, are subject to supervision by the Banking Commissioner of this state or any other state or the Comptroller of the Currency of the United States or the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, and "benefits under an employee welfare plan" means one or more benefits or services under any plan established or maintained for [employees] persons performing the work of any mechanics, laborers or workers or their families or dependents, or for both, including, but not limited to, medical, surgical or hospital care benefits; benefits in the event of sickness, accident, disability or death; benefits in the event of unemployment, or retirement benefits.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:			
Section 1	October 1, 2005	01 50	

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LAB Joint Favorable Subst.

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